SIX MONTHLY COMPLIANCE REPORT

PERIOD: April, 2018 TO September, 2018

EC File No: 21-6/2013-IA.III dated 14th July, 2017

DEVELOPMENT OF JODHPUR PALI MARWAR INDUSTRIAL AREA (JPMIA), DISTRICT PALI, RAJASTHAN SUB-REGION













Ву

DELHI MUMBAI INDUSTRIAL CORRIDOR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LIMITED (DMICDC)

Submitted By:

Delhi-Mumbai Industrial Corridor Development Corporation Limited Room No 341B, 3rd Floor, Diplomatic Enclave, Hotel Ashok Chanakyapuri, New Delhi-110021

Contact: +011-26118884 Web: <u>www.dmicdc.com</u>

CONTENTS

1.	Project Background	3
2.	Information sheet	4
3.	Status oF EC Letter condition's Compliance as on 30 th September, 2018	10
Δnr	DAVIITAS:	23

Project Background

The Government of India (GoI) has proposed the development of a Dedicated Freight Corridor (DFC) between Dadri and Jawahar Lal Nehru Port Trust (JNPT) covering a total length of 1504 km traversing via Vadodara-Ahmedabad-Palanpur-Phulera-Rewari through five states. To tap the development potential of the proposed freight corridor, a band spanning 150 kilometres on both sides of the freight corridor has been identified as the Influence Region and is proposed to be developed as Delhi-Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC). Twenty-Four (24) industrial nodes comprising of Investment Regions (IR) and Industrial Areas (IA) have been identified along the length of this corridor. In line with this development strategy, the Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor Development Corporation Limited (DMICDC), a SPV formed under Ministry of Commerce and Industry (MoCI), Government of India, is undertaking the development of JPMIA in district Pali, Rajasthan in partnership with the State Government. Department of DMIC, Govt. of Rajasthan is the nodal agency responsible for coordination between the DMICDC and state government for proposed project implementation.

The Project involves development of Jodhpur Pali Marwar Industrial Area(JPMIA) in a total area of about 154.37 sq kms. The proposed Urbanisable area is about 64.25 sq. km, while rest will be planned as Peripheral Control Belt with agriculture and controlled development. This is planned to be located at the Jodhpur- Pali District border and at about 40 Kms from Jodhpur and 25 km from Pali. Manufacturing Industries with a large base of SMSE's is identified as the major economic driver for the proposed development of the region. Total Water requirement for Potable purpose is about 60 MLD and water for industrial use is about 50 MLD. Source of fresh water identified is Indira Gandhi Nahar Pariyojna (IGNP) through Rajiv Gandhi Lift Canal (RGLC). Solid Waste generation will be about 82 MTD. Public transport will be developed at two levels, 1) Within JPM IA and 2) between JPM IA with neighboring Urban Centers of Jodhpur and Pali. This will comprise of BRTS along with dedicated Cycle and pedestrian tracks within the JPM IA. For regional connectivity, BRTS through bus fleet augmentation and development of Pali- Sojat bypass (about 21 km length) has been planned.

There is a provision for the development of Integrated Multi Modal Logistics Hub (MMLH) with an area of about 2 sq.km within the JPMIA. The components of MMLH are 1) Transportation facility and rail sidings, 2) Warehousing Facilities, 3) Supporting utilities and infrastructure and 4) Value added services such as Packaging, etc. This MMLH is expected to handle a Cargo of about 25 MT per annum in 2042. There is no Reserved or Protected forest in the identified JPM IA. There is no existence of any Wildlife Park/ Bird Sanctuary/ Notified Eco-sensitive Zone within a distance of 10 km from the periphery of JPM IA.

The project has been accorded Environmental Clearance vide F. No. 21-6/2013-IA.III dated 14th July, 2017. (Refer **Annexure 1**)

1. INFORMATION SHEET

Monitoring the Implementation of Environmental Safeguards Ministry of Environment Forest & Climate Change,

Regional Office (Central Region),

Lucknow

MONITORING REPORT

PART – I

DATA SHEET

SI. No.	Particulars		Details
1.	Project type: River Valley / Mining / Industry / Thermal / Nuclear / Others (specify)	:	Other- Industrial Area The project falls under item 7(c) i.e Industrial Estate/ park and 8(b) i.e Township and Area development under the provisions of the Environment Impact Assessment Notification, 2006 and amendments thereto and Circulars issued thereon.
2.	Name of the Project	:	'Jodhpur –Pali- Marwar Industrial Area (JPMIA)' in District Pali, Rajasthan by M/s Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corporation (DMICDC)
3.	Clearance letter (s) / OM No. and date	:	File No.: 21-6/2013-IA.III dated 14th July, 2017
4.	Location a) District (s) b) State (s) c) Location latitude / longitude	:	Pali Rajasthan The project area is bounded by Latitude 25°52'42.57"N to 26°1'41.38"N and Longitude 73°0'52.86" E to 73° 1' 26.72" E
5.	Address for Correspondence a) Address of the Concerned Project Chief Engineer (with Pin code & Telephone / Telex / Fax Numbers)	:	CEO & Managing Director, Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor Development Corporation Room No. 341-B, 3 rd Floor Hotel Ashok, Diplomatic Enclave 50B Chanakyapuri New Delhi – 110021, India

	L. N. N. C. C. Address of N. Adal	1	C L Callet		
	b) Name & address of Nodal		S.L.Sethi, Senior Town Planner,		
	Officer (with Phone No./Fax			,	
	Number(s)/Mobile No.s)		Delhi Mumbai Indi		
				g, Udyog Bhawan, Jaipur,	
			Rajasthan		
			Phone No- 0141-2		
			Mobile-941404506	59	
	c) Name & address of the		Commissioner,		
	Concerned Project In-charge		Delhi Mumbai Indi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	(with Phone No. /Fax Number(S)/		Room No-210, Firs	-	
	Mobile No.s		RFC Wing, Udyog E	Bhawan, Jaipur,	
			Rajasthan		
			Phone No- 0141-2		
	d)Present Status of the project;		Project yet to be s	tarted.	
	date of commencement of				
	construction work along with				
	quantum of work				
	completed/date of operation.				
6.	Salient features	:	Project	The JPMIA is proposed as a major	
	a) of the Project		Spectrum	new industrial hub located on a	
				greenfield site at about 25 km from	
				Pali and 40 km from Jodhpur.	
				The development of the JPM IA will	
				span over three decades where it	
				moves from a fledgling Industrial	
				area, kick started by the DFC,	
				MMLH and dependent on the	
				existing urban centers of Jodhpur	
				and Pali to evolve as a Primary	
				Industrial city in the Marwar	
				Region.	
			Total Plot Area	Total area delineated as an	
				Industrial area would be	
				approximately 154.37 sq. km. The	
				proposed site of industrial area	
				consists of agricultural land under	
				both private and government	
				ownership, land for cattle grazing,	
				barren land, village settlements	
				and village ponds etc.	
			Project Resident	Population projections have been	
			Population size	carried out based on the	
				relationship of employment	
				potential with expected industrial	
1	•	•	•	(D	

	output production. The
	Development Plan has been
	prepared for the overall resident
	population of 3.92 lac until the
	horizon year of 2042.
Employment	The project is generally expected
	to bring in positive social impacts
	in terms of employment for locals.
	In addition to employment, the
	infrastructure facilities in the
	project area and surroundings will
	improve significantly. However, in
	the absence of due care,
	development of the JPMIA may
	induce negative impacts, during
	the construction and operational
	phases. It is estimated that project
	will provide about 66000 jobs by
	the horizon year 2022 and 315,000
	jobs by the horizon year 2042.
Water Demand	During Operation: water demand
	for the project is expected 14 MLD
	by 2022, 32 MLD by 2032, and 61
	MLD by 2042.
Source of Water	The prime source of water will be
	Rajiv Gandhi Lift Canal. Water from
	this canal will be brought to
	Jodhpur. From Jodhpur water will
	be transmitted through an existing
Marks	pipeline after its rehabilitation.
Waste Water	Wastewater generated in the
generation	JPMIA will be treated in phases at
	sewage treatment plants (STPs) for
	this a STP of 41 MLD capacity has
	been planned. For industrial waste
	water treatment, common effluent
	treatment plant (CETPs) of 10 MLD
	for Phase (up to horizon year 2022)
Courage	and 35 MLD for the year 2042.
Sewage	Approx. 41 MLD STP
Treatment Plant	MBR technology
(STP) Effluent	Individual industries to treat
Treatment Plant	
(ETP)	effluent up to secondary treatment.
(LIF)	u caunent.

Treatment Plant (CETP) Plant (CETP) Municipal Solid Waste generation The solid waste generated durit construction works and fro labour camps shall be disposed of in authorized landfill through the vendor. The sewage generated from labo camp shall be disposed off in so pits and septic tanks. During the operational phase, integrated approach will adopted in the JPMIA to efficient manage the solid waste generate in the region. The waste that we be generated in the JPMIA can broadly categorized as municip waste and industrial waste. An area of about 100 ha has be identified for the Integrated Waste Management Facility (IWMF) to provided in the JPMIA to deal with all wastes. Power requirement for MIP Total power requirement durit construction phase will be about MVA and will be met through installation of DG sets construction sites. Durit operation phase power deman has been estimated as 91, 294 at 755 MVA in the horizon year 202 2032 and 2042 respectively. The power demand will be met for 133/220 Grid Substations available in project region. Suitable electives and solve the provided in the provided will be met for 133/220 Grid Substations available in project region. Suitable electives and project region. Suitable electives and solve the provided in the p		Common	For industrial waste water
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Municipal Solid Waste generation Municipal Solid Waste generation In solid waste generated duric construction works and fro labour camps shall be disposed of in authorized landfill through the vendor. The sewage generated from labour camp shall be disposed off in so pits and septic tanks. During the operational phase, integrated approach will adopted in the JPMIA to deficient manage the solid waste generate in the region. The waste that we be generated in the JPMIA to deficient waste and industrial waste. An area of about 100 ha has been identified for the Integrated Waste Management Facility (IWMF) to provided in the JPMIA to deal with all wastes. Power requirement for MIP Power Total power requirement during construction phase will be about more installation of DG sets construction sites. During operation phase power demain has been estimated as 91, 294 and 755 MVA in the horizon year 202 2032 and 2042 respectively. The power demain has been estimated as 91, 294 and 755 MVA in the horizon year 202 2032 and 2042 respectively. The power demain has been estimated as 91, 294 and 755 MVA in the horizon year 202 2032 and 2042 respectively. The power demain has been estimated as 91, 294 and 755 MVA in the horizon year 202 2032 and 2042 respectively. The power demain has been estimated as 91, 294 and 755 MVA in the horizon year 202 2032 and 2042 respectively. The power demain has been estimated as 91, 294 and 755 MVA in the horizon year 202 2032 and 2042 respectively. The power demain has been estimated as 91, 294 and 194 project region. Suitable elect supply network will be developed in the JPMIA. Cost of the Infrastructure Development Cost Approx. INR 10,000 Crore		Treatment	treatment plant (CETPs) of 10 MLD
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Waste generation Cost of the Project Waste generation Construction works and from labour camps shall be disposed of in authorized landfill through the vendor. The sewage generated from labour camps shall be disposed off in so pits and septic tanks. During the operational phase, integrated approach will adopted in the JPMIA to efficient manage the solid waste generate in the region. The waste that we be generated in the JPMIA can broadly categorized as municip waste and industrial waste. An area of about 100 ha has been identified for the Integrated Wasse Management Facility (IWMF) to be provided in the JPMIA to deal with all wastes. Power requirement for MIP Total power requirement during construction phase will be about MVA and will be met through installation of DG sets construction sites. During operation phase power demand has been estimated as 91, 294 at 755 MVA in the horizon year 202 2032 and 2042 respectively. The power demand will be met through in the JPMIA. Cost of the Infrastructure Development Cost Approx. INR 10,000 Crore			and 35 MLD for the year 2042.
During the operational phase, integrated approach will adopted in the JPMIA to efficient manage the solid waste generate in the region. The waste that we be generated in the JPMIA can broadly categorized as municip waste and industrial waste. An area of about 100 ha has beet identified for the Integrated Waste Management Facility (IWMF) to I provided in the JPMIA to deal with all wastes. Power Total power requirement durit construction phase will be about MVA and will be met through installation of DG sets construction sites. Durit operation phase power demain has been estimated as 91, 294 at 755 MVA in the horizon year 202 2032 and 2042 respectively. The power demand will be met from 132/220 Grid Substations available in project region. Suitable elect supply network will be developed in the JPMIA. Cost of the Infrastructure Development Cost Approx. INR 10,000 Crore		Waste	labour camps shall be disposed off in authorized landfill through the
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			-
of the Environmental Management Plans	/1 Col = 1	•	Approx. INR 10,000 Crore
	of the Environmental Managem	nent Plans	
Breakup of the Project Area : There is no diversion of Forest Land involved.	Breakup of the Project Area	: There is no diversi	on of Forest Land involved.

	a) Submergence area: forest					
	& non-forest b) Others		Total Area: 15,437 ha.			
	.,		S.	Land Use	Total Gross	Total
			No	A. Urbanisable Area	Area (ha)	Percentage (%)
			1	Residential	919	15.58%
			2	Abadi Area	39	0.65%
			3	Abadi Development Area	182	3.09%
			4	Mixed Use	67	1.14%
			5	Industrial	1926	32.66%
			7	Commercial (City Centre and Sub City Centre) Public / Semi-Public	143 356	2.42% 6.04%
			8	Transportation (MMLH, General Logistics and Warehousing, Transportation Facility, Railway Corridor)	283	4.79%
			9	Public Utilities (CETP and Other Utilities) Recreational (Ecological Park, Stadium and	36	0.62%
			10	Park/Open Space/Play Ground) Green Buffer (G1: Around Existing Water	516 549	9.31%
			12	Bodies and G2: Along Proposed Roads) Circulation (Roads)	844	14.31%
			13	Water Bodies	39	0.65%
			14	Total (A)	5899	58%%
				B. Area Outside Urbanisable Area Limit		
			15	Abadi Area	244	2.56%
			16	Abadi Development Area Green Buffer (G1: Around Existing Water	233	2.45%
			17	Bodies, G2: Along Proposed Roads)	463	4.86%
			18	Railway Corridor	45	0.48%
			19	Circulation (Roads)	166	1.74%
			20	River and Pond Peripheral Control	468 7917	4.91% 83.01%
			22	Total (B)	9538	62%
		1				
			23	Total Notified Area(A+B)	15437	100%
 3.	Breakup of the project affected	:	The	Section (Section 2) Section 2 Section 2	0.000	
3.		:	The	propose site for Indus	trial area	would
3.	population with the enumeration	:	The app	propose site for Indus roximately of about 154.3	trial area 7 sq km.	would
3.	population with the enumeration of those losing Houses / Dwelling	:	The app	propose site for Indus roximately of about 154.3 anisable area would be 58.99	trial area 7 sq km. 9 sq km.	would Out of t
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	population with the enumeration of those losing Houses / Dwelling units only, Agricultural Land & Landless Laborers / Artisans: a) SC, ST / Adivasi b) Others (please indicate whether these figures are based on any scientific and systematic survey carried out or only provisional figures, if a survey is carried out give details & year of survey) Financial Details: Project cost as originally planned and		The appurbation of the proving and proping	propose site for Industroximately of about 154.3 anisable area would be 58.99 ting land use primarily conser both private and govern cattle grazing, village set ds. The will be permanent changisions of master plan. The total basic facilities required in a posed in the master plan of Jastructure Development Costantics.	trial area 7 sq km. 9 sq km. ists of agri iment own ttlements ge in land opography lustrial, res city have b	would Out of the site of the sidential, been
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) a)	population with the enumeration of those losing Houses / Dwelling units only, Agricultural Land & Landless Laborers / Artisans: a) SC, ST / Adivasi b) Others (please indicate whether these figures are based on any scientific and systematic survey carried out or only provisional figures, if a survey is carried out give details & year of survey) Financial Details: Project cost as originally planned and subsequent revised estimates and the year of price reference	:	The appurbation of the property of the propert	propose site for Industroximately of about 154.3 anisable area would be 58.99 ting land use primarily conser both private and govern cattle grazing, village set ds. The will be permanent changisions of master plan. The total basic facilities required in a posed in the master plan of Jastructure Development Costantics.	trial area 7 sq km. 9 sq km. ists of agri iment own ttlements ge in land opography lustrial, res city have b	would Out of the site of the sidential, been
) a)	population with the enumeration of those losing Houses / Dwelling units only, Agricultural Land & Landless Laborers / Artisans: a) SC, ST / Adivasi b) Others (please indicate whether these figures are based on any scientific and systematic survey carried out or only provisional figures, if a survey is carried out give details & year of survey) Financial Details: Project cost as originally planned and subsequent revised estimates and the year of price reference Allocation made for environmental management	:	The appurbation of the property of the propert	propose site for Industroximately of about 154.3 anisable area would be 58.99 ting land use primarily conser both private and govern cattle grazing, village set ds. The will be permanent changles in the total basic facilities required in a posed in the master plan of Jastructure Development Coste	trial area 7 sq km. 9 sq km. ists of agri iment own ttlements ge in land opography lustrial, res city have b	would Out of the site of the sidential, been
3. (a)	population with the enumeration of those losing Houses / Dwelling units only, Agricultural Land & Landless Laborers / Artisans: a) SC, ST / Adivasi b) Others (please indicate whether these figures are based on any scientific and systematic survey carried out or only provisional figures, if a survey is carried out give details & year of survey) Financial Details: Project cost as originally planned and subsequent revised estimates and the year of price reference Allocation made for	:	The appurbation of the property of the propert	propose site for Industroximately of about 154.3 anisable area would be 58.99 ting land use primarily conser both private and govern cattle grazing, village set ds. The will be permanent changles in the total basic facilities required in a posed in the master plan of Jastructure Development Coste	trial area 7 sq km. 9 sq km. ists of agri iment own ttlements ge in land opography lustrial, res city have b	would Out of the site of the sidential, been

c)	Benefit cost ratio/Internal rate of Return and the year of assessment	:	NA Project yet to be started
d)	Whether includes the cost of environmental management as shown in the above	:	NA Project yet to be started
e)	Actual expenditure incurred on the project so far	:	NIL Project yet to be started
f)	Actual expenditure incurred on the environmental management plans so far	:	None Project yet to be started
10	Forest Land Requirement		There is no diversion of Forest Land under this project.
a)	The status of approval for diversion of forest land for non-forestry use	:	NA
b)	The status of clearing felling	:	NA
c)	The status of compensatory afforestation, if any	:	NA
d)	Comments on the viability & sustainability of compensatory afforestation program in the light of actual field experience so far	:	NA
11	The status of clear felling in non- forest areas (such as submergence area or reservoir, approach roads.), if any with quantitative information required.	:	NA
12	Status of construction (Actual & /or planned)	:	Construction work is not commenced yet
a)	Date of commencement (Actual & / or planned)	:	Construction work is not commenced yet
b)	Date of completion (Actual &/or planned)	:	Construction work is not commenced yet
13	Reasons for the delay if the project is yet to start	:	Construction work is not commenced yet
14	Dates of Site Visits		
a)	The dates on which the project was monitored by the Regional Office on previous occasions, if any	:	NA
b)	Date of site visits for this monitoring report	:	NA

Compliance of conditions of Environmental Clearance (F.No. 21-6/2013-IA.III dated 14.7.2017) for October, 2017 to March, 2018 as on 31st March, 2018.

PART A: S	PECIFIC CONDITIONS	
I. <u>Co</u>	nstruction Phase	
Sl. No.	Conditions	Compliance Status
(i.)	"Consent for Establishment" shall be	Noted.
	obtained from State Pollution Control	Consent to Establish would be obtained from
	Board under Air (Prevention and	State Pollution Control Board.
	Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and	
	Water (Prevention and Control of	
	Pollution) Act, 1974.	
(ii.)	To achieve the Zero Liquid Discharge,	Noted & will be complied.
	waste water generated from	
	different industrial operations should	
	be properly collected, treated to the	
	prescribed standards and then	
	recycled or discharged for the	
	identified uses.	
(iii.)	Necessary authorization required	Noted & will be complied.
	under the Hazardous and Other	
	Wastes (Management and Trans-	
	Boundary Movement) Rules, 2016,	
	Solid Waste Management Rules,	
	2016 shall be obtained and the	
	provisions contained in the Rules	
<i>(</i> ,)	shall be strictly adhered to.	
(iv.)	During construction phase, air	Noted & will be complied.
	pollution and the solid waste	
	management aspects need to be	
	properly addressed ensuring	
	compliance of the Construction and	
	Demolition Waste Management	
(v.)	Rules, 2016. As per the provisions of the	Noted & will be complied
(v.)	Notification dated 9th December,	Noted & will be complied.
	2016 amending the Principal EIA	
	Notification, 2006, all the building	
	and construction projects (built up	
	and construction projects (built up	<u> </u>

		T
	area 5000 sqm - 150000 sqm) in the	
	industrial area, shall require	
	clearances for their building plans	
	from the State/local bodies or the	
	concerned regulating authority, as	
	applicable. In case of project sizes	
	having built up areas more than	
	150000 sqm, environmental	
	clearances shall continue to be	
	required from the concerned	
	regulatory authorities.	
(vi.)	For all the individual	Noted.
	units/infrastructure requirements,	
	environmental clearances, as	
	applicable, shall be obtained from the	
	respective regulatory authorities.	
(vii.)	A site-specific biodiversity	Noted and will be complied.
	conservation plan including	·
	mitigation measures to be developed	
	from competent	
	nationally/internationally recognized	
	institute with appropriate financial	
	allocation for its implementation.	
(viii.)	Green belt shall be developed using	Noted and will be complied.
	local tree and shrub species. No	The state of the s
	exotic species to be used for green	
	belt development.	
(ix.)	There shall be a continuous green	Noted and will be complied.
()	belt along the plant premises, except	
	at the designated entry and exit	
	points.	
(x.)	The quantity of fresh water usage,	Noted & will be complied.
	water recycling and rainwater	
	harvesting shall be measured and	
	recorded to monitor the water	
	balance as projected by the project	
	proponent. The record shall be	
	submitted to the Regional Office,	
	Japinitted to the Regional Office,	

	MoEF&CC along with six monthly	
	Monitoring reports.	
(xi.)	Special purpose vehicle shall be	Noted & will be complied.
	established for implementation,	
	monitoring and compliance of the	
	environmental safeguards.	
(xii.)	All the recommendation of the EMP	Noted & will be complied.
	shall be complied with letter and	
	spirit. All the mitigation measures	
	submitted in the EIA report shall be	
	prepared in a matrix format and the	
	compliance for each mitigation plan	
	shall be submitted to RO, MoEF&CC	
	along with half yearly compliance	
	report.	
(xiii.)	The member units shall provide	Noted & will be complied.
	storage tanks for storage of effluent	
	for monitoring the characteristics of	
	effluent and to treat the same to	
	meet the prescribed inlet norms	
	before taking into the CETP for	
	further treatment.	
(xiv.)	Proper meters with recording	Noted & will be complied.
	facilities shall be provided to monitor	
	the effluent quality and quantity	
	from member industries to CETP and	
	from CETP to the final disposal/re-use	
	on a continuous basis.	
(xv.)	The project proponent shall establish	Noted & will be complied.
	an environmental monitoring cell	
	with all the potential polluting units	
	as members to review the	
	environmental monitoring data and	
	suggest for improvements.	
xvi.)	Internal Road widths within the	Noted & will be complied.
	industrial estate shall be minimum 24	
	m ROW.	
vii.)	Common facilities such as repair	Noted & will be complied.

	shops, rest rooms for drivers and	
	attendants shall be provided.	
viii.)	All required sanitary and hygienic	Noted & will be complied.
	measures should be in place before	
	starting construction activities and to	
	be maintained throughout the	
	construction phase.	
xix.)	Soil and ground water samples will be	Noted & will be complied.
	tested to ascertain that there is no	
	threat to ground water quality by	
	leaching of heavy metals and other	
	toxic contaminants.	
(xx.)	Construction spoils, including	Noted & will be complied.
	bituminous material and other	
	hazardous materials, must not be	
	allowed to contaminate watercourses	
	and the dump sites for such material	
	must be secured so that they should	
	not leach into the ground water.	
xxi.)	Parking space to accommodate	Noted & will be complied.
	trucks, cars, two wheelers and	
	bicycles shall be provided as per the	
	norms.	
xii.)	Any hazardous waste generated	Noted & will be complied.
	during development/ construction	
	phase, should be	
	disposed off as per applicable rules	
	and norms with necessary approvals	
	of the State Pollution Control Board.	
xiii.)	The diesel generator sets to be used	Noted & will be complied.
	during development/ construction	
	phase should be low sulphur diesel	
	type and should conform to	
	Environment (Protection) Rules	
	prescribed for air and noise emission	
	standards	
xiv.)	The diesel required for operating DG	Noted & will be complied.
	sets shall be stored in underground	

	tanks and if required, clearance from	
	Chief Controller of Explosives shall be	
	taken.	
xv.)	Vehicles hired for bringing	Noted & will be complied.
	construction material to the site	
	should be in good condition and	
	should have a pollution check	
	certificate and should conform to	
	applicable air and noise emission	
	standards and should be operated	
	only during non-peak hours.	
xvi.)	Ambient noise levels should conform	Noted & will be complied.
•	to residential standards both during	·
	day and night. Incremental pollution	
	loads on the ambient air and noise	
	quality should be closely monitored	
	during development/ construction	
	phase. Adequate measures should be	
	made to reduce ambient air and	
	noise level during construction phase,	
	so as to conform to the stipulated	
	standards by CPCB/SPCB.	
vii.)	Fly ash should be used as building	Noted & will be complied.
	material in the construction as per	Noted & Will be complied.
	the provisions of Fly Ash Notification	
	of September, 1999 and amended as	
	on 2th August, 2003.	
viii.)	Ready mixed concrete must be used	Noted & will be complied.
viii.)	in site development and building	Noted & will be complied.
	construction.	
viv 1	Storm water control and its re-use as	Noted 9 will be complied
xix.)	per CGWB and BIS standards for	Noted & will be complied.
	various applications	
(XX.)	Water demand during	Noted and will be complied.
	development/construction should be	
	reduced by use of premixed concrete,	
	curing agents and other best	
xxi.)	practices referred. Permission to draw ground water, if	Noted and will be complied.
^^!.	any, shall be obtained from the	Noted and will be complied.

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	as to avoid disturbance to the		
	development/ construction phase, so		
	should be in place all through the		
•,	other measures for monitoring	Trocca and win be complica.	
viii.)	Regular supervision of the above and	Noted and will be complied.	
	etc.		
	protection measures from lightening		
	National Building Code including		
	firefighting equipment's, etc. as per		
	to earthquake, adequacy of		
	structural safety of the buildings due		
,	authority shall be obtained for		
kvii.)	The approval of the competent	Noted and will be complied.	
	to fulfil requirement.		
	insulation material		
	spaces by use of appropriate thermal		
	aspirational for non-airconditioned		
	spaces while it is		
	be mandatory for all airconditioned		
	Building Code which is proposed to		
	Energy Conservation		
	prescriptive requirement as per		
xvi.)	Opaque wall should meet	Noted and will be complied.	
	material to fulfil requirement.		
	appropriate thermal insulation		
	Conservation Building Code by using		
	requirement as per Energy		
xxv.)	Roof should meet prescriptive	Noted and will be complied.	
	quality low E value glass.		
	conditioning. If necessary, use high		
	consumption and load on air-		
	40% to reduce the electricity		
xiv.)	Use of glass may be reduced by upto	Noted and will be complied.	
	control.		
	reducing devices or sensor-based		
	either by use of aerators or pressure		
	and drinking should be of low flow		
xiii.)	Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing	Noted and will be complied.	
	and black water.		
	plumbing line for separation of grey		
	should be done by the use of dual		
κxii.)	Separation of grey and black water	Noted and will be complied.	
	project.		
	construction/operation of the		
	competent Authority prior to		

	training shall be conducted to	
	educational qualification. Vocational	
	unemployed people based on their	
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	given to local educated and	
	employment, preference will be	
	employment, preference will be	
	norms shall be followed for providing	
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	training shall be conducted to	
	training shall be conducted to	
	improve the skills of local people so	
	improve the skills of local people so	
	improve the skins of local people so	
	that they can get employment/colf	
	that they can get employment/self-	
	employment.	
	employment.	
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diii.)	Compensation will be paid as per the	Noted
XIII. <i>j</i>	compensation will be paid as per the	Noted
	land acquisition act of State	
	land acquisition act of State.	
	•	
dis. \	Corporato Environment	Noted and will be complied
kliv.)	Corporate Environment	Noted and will be complied
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	Responsibility:	
	Responsibility.	
	a) The Company shall have a well laid	
	a) The Company shall have a well lalu	
	down Environment Policy approved	
	astern Enteriorinent Folicy approved	
	hutha Daard of Division	
	by the Board of Directors	
	•	
1	b) The Environment Policy shall	
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	prescribe for standard operating	
	process/ procedures to bring into	
i	focus any infringements/ deviation/	
	•	
		I .
	violation of the environmental or	
	violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions	

	c) The hierarchical system or	
	Administrative Order of the company	
	to deal with environmental issues	
	and for ensuring compliance with the	
	environmental clearance conditions	
	shall be furnished	
	d) To have proper checks and	
	balances, the company shall have a	
	well laid down system of reporting of	
	non-compliances/ violations of	
	environmental norms to the Board of	
	Directors of the company and/ or	
	shareholders or stakeholders at large	
II. On	peration Phase	<u> </u>
i.)	All the topsoil excavated during	Noted & will be complied.
,	development/ construction activities	
	should be stored for use in	
	horticulture/ landscape development	
	within the project site.	
ii.)	Disposal of muck during development	Noted & will be complied.
,	/ construction phase should not	Noted & will be complied.
	create any adverse effect on the	
	neighbouring communities and be	
	disposed taking the necessary	
	,	
	precautions for general safety and	
	health aspects of people, only in	
	approved sites with the approval of	
:: \	competent authority.	Natad C. will be assembled
ii.)	The solid waste generated should be	Noted & will be complied.
	properly collected and segregated.	
	Wet garbage should be composted	
	and dry/inert solid waste should be	
	disposed off to the approved sites for	
	land filling after recovering recyclable	
	material.	
v.)	Diesel power generating sets	Noted & will be complied.
	proposed as source of back-up power	

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	for elevators and common area	
	illumination during operation phase	
	should be of enclosed type and	
	conform to rules made under the	
	Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.	
	The height of stack of DG sets shall be	
	equal to the height needed for the	
	combined capacity of all proposed	
	DG sets. The location of the DG sets	
	may be decided with in consultation	
	with State Pollution Control Board.	
v.)	Noise shall be controlled to ensure	Noted & will be complied.
	that it does not exceed the	
	prescribed standards. During night	
	time the noise levels measured at the	
	boundary of the building shall be	
	restricted to the permissible levels to	
	comply with the prevalent	
	regulations.	
vi.)	The green belt of the adequate width	Noted & will be complied.
	and density preferably with local	
	species along the periphery of the	
	plot shall be raised so as to provide	
	protection against particulates and	
	noise.	
vii.)	Weep holes in the compound walls	Noted & will be complied
	shall be provided to ensure natural	
	drainage of rain water in the	
	catchment area during the monsoon	
	period.	
/iii.)	Rain water harvesting for roof run-off	Noted & will be complied
	and surface run- off, as plan	
	submitted shall be implemented.	
	Before recharging the surface run off,	
	pre-treatment must be done to	
	remove suspended matter, oil and	
	grease. The borewell for rainwater	
	recharging shall be kept at least 4 m.	
	1 '	<u> </u>

	above the highest ground water	
	table.	
ix.)	The ground water level and its quality	Noted & will be complied
	shall be monitored regularly in consultation with Central Ground	
	Water Authority.	
x.)	Traffic congestion near the entry and	Noted. Traffic movement will be controlled as
	exit points from the roads adjoining	per traffic management plan delineated in EIA
	the proposed project site must be	report.
	avoided. Parking, loading and	
	unloading shall be fully internalized	
	and no public space shall be utilized.	
xi.)	A Report on the energy conservation	Noted & will be complied after initiation of
	measures confirming to energy	project development activities.
	conservation norms finalise by	
	Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be	
	prepared incorporating details about	
	building materials & technology, R &	
	U Factors etc. and submit to the	
	Ministry in three months.	
κii.)	Energy conservation measures like	Noted and efforts should be taken to conserve
	installation of CFLs/ TFLs for the	the energy.
	lighting the areas outside the building	
	shall be integral part of the project	
	design and shall be in place before	
	project commissioning. Use CFLs and	
	TFLs shall be properly collected and	
	disposed of/ sent for recycling as per	
	the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the	
	regulatory authority to avoid mercury	
	contamination. Use of solar panels	
	may be done to the extent possible.	
iii.)	The building should have adequate	Noted and will be compiled.
	distance between them to allow	
	movement of fresh air and passage of	
	natural light, air and ventilation.	
PART-R	-GENERAL CONDITIONS	
i.)	The environmental safeguards	Noted & will be complied.
1.)	The environmental safeguards	moted & will be complied.

	T	
	contained in the EIA Report should be	
	implemented in letter and spirit.	
ii.)	Provision should be made for supply	Noted & will be complied.
	of kerosene or cooking gas and	
	pressure cooker to the labourers	
	during construction phase	
iii.)	Six monthly monitoring reports should be submitted to the Ministry and its Regional Office, Lucknow.	Complied. Six monthly Compliance report for August-September, 2017 and from October, 2017 to March, 2018 has been submitted on 01.12.2017 & 21.05.2018 respectively.
iv.)	A copy of the environmental clearance letter shall also be displayed on the website of the concerned State Pollution Control Board. The EC letter shall also be displayed at the Regional Office, District Industries centre and Collector's Office/ Tehsildar's office for 30 days.	Pertains to State Pollution Control Board. The EC letter has been circulated to District Authorities to be displayed at their respective Offices.
v.)	The project proponent shall set up a separate environmental management cell for effective implementation of the stipulated environmental safeguards under the supervision of a Senior Executive	Complied. Manger, Environment & Public Health Engineering has been appointed at DMICDC Corporate office, New Delhi in Technical & Projects Division.
vi.)	The funds earmarked for environment management plan shall be included in the budget and this shall not be diverted for any other purpose	Noted.
5.	The above stipulations would be enforced among others under the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) act 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification, 2006.	Noted.

6.	Officials from the Regional Office of	Full cooperation would be extended to officials
	MoEF&CC at Lucknow who would be	from MoEF&CC, Regional Office, Lucknow for undertaking site inspection.
	monitoring the implementation of	under taking site inspection.
	environmental safeguards should be	
	given full cooperation, facilities and	
	documents/data by the project	
	proponents during their inspection. A	
	complete set of all the documents	
	submitted to MoEF&CC should be	
	forwarded to the APCCF, Regional	
	Office of MoEF&CC at Lucknow.	
7.	The Ministry reserves the right to add	Noted.
	additional safeguard measures	
	subsequently, if found necessary, and	
	to take action including revoking of	
	the environment clearance under the	
	provisions of the Environmental	
	(Protection) Act, 1986, to ensure	
	effective implementation of the	
	suggested safeguard measures in a	
	time bound and satisfactory manner.	
8.	All other statutory clearances such as	Noted.
	the approvals for storage of diesel	
	from Chief	
	Controller of Explosives, Fire	
	Department, Civil Aviation	
	Department, Forest Conservation	
	Act, 1980 and Wildlife (Protection)	
	Act, 1972 etc. shall be obtained, as	
	applicable by project proponents	
	from the respective competent	
	authorities.	
9.	The project proponent should	Complied.
	advertise in at least two local	The Environmental Clearance issued to
	Newspapers widely circulated in the	'Jodhpur Pali Marwar Industrial Area' project
	region, one of which shall be in the	has been advertised in Dainik Bhaskar (Hindi
	vernacular language informing that	daily), Jaipur edition on 14.09.2017 & Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi daily), Jaipur edition
	the project has been accorded	on 14.09.2017.
	, ,	A copy of the advertisement is enclosed as

	Environmental Clearance and copies	Annexure 3 for ready reference.
	of clearance letters are available with	
	the State Pollution Control Board and	
	may also be seen on the website of	
	the Ministry of Environment, Forest	
	& Climate Change at	
	http://www.envfor.nic.in. The	
	advertisement should be made	
	within Seven days from the date of	
	receipt of the Clearance letter and a	
	copy of the same should be	
	forwarded to the Regional office of	
	this Ministry at Lucknow.	
10.	This clearance is subject to final order	NA
10.	of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of	I VA
	India in the matter of Goa	
	Foundation Vs Union of India in Writ	
	Petition (Civil) No.460 of 2004 as may	
	be applicable to this project.	
11.	Any appeal against this clearance	No appeal has been made against this Environment Clearance as on date.
	shall lie with the National Green	Environment Clearance as on date.
	Tribunal, if preferred, within a period	
	of 30 days as prescribed under	
	Section 16 of the National Green	
	Tribunal Act, 2010.	
12.	A copy of the clearance letter shall be	Complied. EC letter has been uploaded on
	sent by the proponent to concerned	DMICDC's website at link as below:
	Panchayat, Zila Parishad/Municipal	http://dmicdc.com/downloads/environmentaclearance
	Corporation, Urban Local Body and	<u>oreal arroe</u>
	the Local NGO, if any, from whom	
	suggestions/ representations, if any,	
	were received while processing the	
	proposal. The clearance letter shall	
	also be put on the website	
	permanently of the company by the	
	proponent.	
	The proponent shall upload the	Complied. Six Monthly Compliance report of
13.	The properties of the spectrum	
13.	status of compliance of the stipulated	EC conditions for October, 2017 to March, 2018 has been uploaded on DMICDC's website

EC conditions, at link below: http://dmicdc.com/downloads/environmental-Including results of monitored data clearance on their website and shall update the same periodically. lt shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; SPM, RSPM, S02, NOx (ambient levels as well as stack critical sectoral emissions) or parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company in the public domain. The environmental statement for 14. As on date project work is not commenced yet. each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of MoEF&CC by e-mail.

ANNEXURE:

Annexure 1: EC Letter

Annexure 2: Public hearing minutes and responses

Annexure 3: EC advertisement

F.No.21-6/2013-IA.III Government of India Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (IA.III Section)

Indira Paryavaran Bhawan, Jor Bagh Road, New Delhi – 3 Dated: 14th July, 2017

To

The CEO & Managing Director, Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor Development Corp. Ltd, Room No. 341-B, 3rd Floor, Hotel Ashok, Diplomatic Enclave, 50-B, Chankyapuri, **New Delhi** - 21

Sub: 'Development of Jodhpur – Pali – Marwar Industrial Area' in Rajasthan by Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor Development Corporation Ltd. Environmental Clearance - reg.

Sir.

This has reference to your application No.CEO&MD/DMICDC/2017 dated 26th April, 2017, submitting the above proposal to this Ministry for grant of Environmental Clearance (EC) in term of the provisions of the Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification, 2006 under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

- 2. The proposal for grant of environmental clearance to the project 'Development of Jodhpur Pali Marwar Industrial Area' in Rajasthan promoted by Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor Development Corporation (DMICDC) Ltd, was considered by the Expert Appraisal Committee (EAC) in the Ministry for Industrial Estate/Area, SEZ and Highways projects, in its meeting held on 12th May, 2017.
- 3. The details of the project, as per the documents submitted by the project proponent, and also as informed during the said EAC meeting, are reported to be as under:-
- (i) The project involves development of Jodhpur-Pali-Marwar Industrial Area in Rajasthan promoted by Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor Development Corporation.
- (ii) The project area is bounded by Latitude $25^052'$ 42.57" N to $26^01'$ 41.38"N and Longitude $73^00'52.86"$ E to $73^01'$ 26.72" E.
- (iii) Total notified urban area of the project is 154.37 sq km. Out of this urbanisable area is 58.99 sq km. This comprises of 919 ha residential area, 39 ha Abadi area, 1926 ha Industrial area, 182 ha Abadi development area, 67 ha mixed use development area, 143 ha for commercial activities, 356 ha Public/ semi public, 283 ha for transportation (MMLH, General Logistics, warehousing, transportation facility, rail corridor), 36 ha for public utilities (CETP and other utilities), 516 for recreational (Ecological park, Stadium, park/open space and Play ground), Green Buffer 549 ha (along existing water bodies and along proposed roads), 844 ha for Circulation (Roads), and 39 ha for water bodies. The area outside urbanisable area comprises of Abadi Area 244 ha, Abadi Development area 233 ha, Green Buffer 463 ha, Railway Corridor 45 ha, Circulation (Roads) 166 ha, River and Pond 468 ha and peripheral control 7917 ha. The building height and other parameters during construction will be as per approved master plan.

- (iv) The development of Jodhpur Pali Marwar Industrial area will be in phases. First there will be development of infrastructure such as roads, water supply and sewage network, electricity supply infrastructure, CETP, STP construction, etc. The total demand is expected around 15-20 m3/hr (maximum) depending upon intensity of construction activity. This water will be obtained from authorised tanker supply. During the development phase, the contractors will establish labour camps and construction camps at site. At these camps, sanitation facilities such as soak pits and septic tanks will be provided for the disposal of waste water. The sanitation facilities at labour camps will be designed taking into consideration peak labour force. The proper functioning of sanitation facilities will be ensured by the project management consultants
- During operation phase, water demand for the project is expected 14 MLD by 2022, (v) 32 MLD by 2032, and 61 MLD by 2042. Accordingly 16 MLD and 70 MLD storage capacities are planned in Phase I (horizon year 2022) and Phase III (horizon year 2042). The water requirement will be from Indira Gandhi Nehar Priyojana. The waste water generation will be 9.39 MLD (by 2022), 21.91 MLD (by 2032) and 40.69 MLD (by 2042) from domestic use and 1.69, 10.53, and 42.54 MLD by 2022, 2032 and 2042 respectively from industrial units. The waste water generated from domestic use will be collected through well developed sewage net work and it will be provided primary, secondary and tertiary treatment and disinfection for recycle and reuse. The treated water will be recycled for the non potable water requirements of the JPMIA, such as flushing/ HVAC requirements, industrial process water requirements and horticulture. The waste water will be treated to tertiary level and will be stored in ground level reservoirs for on-line boosting into the ring main. A separate distribution system for the treated waste water from all the STP to all the areas within JPM IA has been proposed. A single STP of 41 MLD capacity has been planned. The CETP will be installed in two phases. In first phase a CETP of 10 MLD capacity and for phase II and Phase III another CETP of 35 MLD is planned. The entire treated water from STP will be used for green belt and industrial process, and HVAC. The treated water from CETP will be used for domestic flushing and gardening in JPMIA. There will be no discharge of any treated water from JPMIA.
- (vi) About 18.9, 44.1 and 89.1 TPD municipal solid waste will be generated by 2022, 2032 and 2042 at JPMIA. Out these quantities of biodegradable waste will be 8.42, 19.66 and 35.66 TPD by the year 2022, 2032 and 2042 respectively. The waste will be segregated and handled as per Solid Waste Management Rules 2016. Non biodegradable waste will be disposed off at the municipal waste dumping site through an authorised local vendor.
- (vii) Total power requirement during construction phase about 2 000 MVA and will be met through installation of DG sets at construction sites. During operation phase power demand has been estimated as 91, 294 and 755 MVA in the horizon year 2022, 2032 and 2042 respectively. This power demand will be met from 132/220 Grid Substations available in project region. Suitable electric supply network will be developed in the JPMIA.
- (viii) The rain water harvesting will be adopted as per 'Building Regulation and Rajasthan Township Policy' 2010. The rain water harvesting will be made compulsory in all buildings to be constructed in the JPMIA.
- (ix) Parking areas have been planned as per parking norms of different land uses in the JPMIA area.
- (x) The solar power generation through rooftop solar system in residential and commercial area buildings and through solar farm near Nadia River have been recommended in the master plan. The generation potential has been assessed 5025 MWH

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(about 120600 units per day). This will meet about 6.3 % power demand in phase I. Further, concept of green building shall be encouraged and implemented through the Sustainable Development guidelines in the project. This will focus on Demand Side Management by increasing the efficiency of the resource use (Energy, water and materials) while reducing building impacts on human health and the environment. Measures to reduce energy will include high targets for solar water heating, solar lighting and natural ventilation.

- (xi) The JPMIA project is not located within 10 km of ecosensitive areas.
- (xii) There is no court case pending against the project.
- (xiii) **Investment/cost** in the project is for creation of infrastructure in the project. Once infrastructure is established investors will establish industrial establishment. The total cost for infrastructure development has been estimated INR 10,000 Crorers.
- (xiv) **Employment potential**: The employment potential during construction phase will be around 1500 workers. During operation phase total employment generation has been estimated as 90,000 by the horizon year 2022, 210,000 by the horizon year 2032 and 3,90,000 by the horizon year 2042
- (xv) **Benefits of the project**: The direct benefits of the project includes direct and indirect employment, industrial investment and outputs (INR 9390 Crorers by 2022, INR 49008 crorers by 2032 and INR 193,258 Crorers by 2042). The indirect benefits of the project include Greenfield infrastructure Development, Mobility and Alternative Transportation facilities for locals and JPMIA population, Jobs/ Housing Balance in the project region, and Tourism Development.
- (xvi) **Public Hearing** was conducted on 15.03.2017 at the SDM Office compound, Rohat, Pali Rajasthan. During the public hearing major concerns of participants were for adequate compensation for land acquisition for the project, protection of black bucks and concerns for reduction in agriculture area in the project region.
- (xvii) A buffer zone of 95.38 sq km has been kept around core zone of JPMIA. The land acquisition for the project will be in phases. The impact on agriculture will be minimum due to buffer area of 95.38 sq km around core zone.
- The EAC, in its 171st meeting held on 12th May, 2017, has recommended the 4. project for grant of Environmental Clearance. As per recommendations of the EAC, the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change hereby accords Environmental Clearance to the project 'Development of Jodhpur - Pali - Marwar Industrial Area' in Rajasthan promoted by Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor Development Corporation Ltd.. under the provisions of the EIA Notification. 2006 amendments/circulars issued thereon, and subject to the specific and general conditions as under:-

PART A - SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

I. Construction Phase

(i) 'Consent to Establish' shall be obtained from State Pollution Control Board under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.

- (ii) To achieve the Zero Liquid Discharge, waste water generated from different industrial operations should be properly collected, treated to the prescribed standards and then recycled or discharged for the identified uses.
- (iii) Necessary authorization required under the Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Trans-Boundary Movement) Rules, 2016, Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 shall be obtained and the provisions contained in the Rules shall be strictly adhered to.
- (iv) During construction phase, air pollution and the solid waste management aspects need to be properly addressed ensuring compliance of the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.
- (v) As per the provisions of the Notification dated 9th December, 2016 amending the Principal EIA Notification, 2006, all the building and construction projects (built up area 5000 sqm 150000 sqm) in the industrial area, shall require clearances for their building plans from the State/local bodies or the concerned regulating authority, as applicable. In case of project sizes having built up areas more than 150000 sqm, environmental clearances shall continue to be required from the concerned regulatory authorities.
- (vi) For all the individual units/infrastructure requirements, environmental clearances, as applicable, shall be obtained from the respective regulatory authorities.
- (vii) A site specific biodiversity conservation plan including mitigation measures to be developed from competent nationally/internationally recognized institute with appropriate financial allocation for its implementation.
- (viii) Green belt shall be developed using local tree and shrub species. No exotic species to be used for green belt development.
- (ix) There shall be a continuous green belt along the plant premises, except at the designated entry and exit points.
- (x) The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- (xi) Special purpose vehicle shall be established for implementation, monitoring and compliance of the environmental safeguards.
- (xii) All the recommendation of the EMP shall be complied with letter and spirit. All the mitigation measures submitted in the EIA report shall be prepared in a matrix format and the compliance for each mitigation plan shall be submitted to RO, MoEF&CC along with half yearly compliance report.
- (xiii) The member units shall provide storage tanks for storage of effluent for monitoring the characteristics of effluent and to treat the same to meet the prescribed inlet norms before taking into the CETP for further treatment.
- (xiv) Proper meters with recording facilities shall be provided to monitor the effluent quality and quantity from member industries to CETP and from CETP to the final disposal/re-use on a continuous basis.

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- (xv) The project proponent shall establish an environmental monitoring cell with all the potential polluting units as members to review the environmental monitoring data and suggest for improvements.
- (xvi) Internal Road widths within the industrial estate shall be minimum 24 m ROW.
- (xvii) Common facilities such as repair shops, rest rooms for drivers and attendants shall be provided.
- (xviii) All required sanitary and hygienic measures should be in place before starting construction activities and to be maintained throughout the construction phase.
- (xix) Soil and ground water samples will be tested to ascertain that there is no threat to ground water quality by leaching of heavy metals and other toxic contaminants.
- (xx) Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous materials, must not be allowed to contaminate watercourses and the dump sites for such material must be secured so that they should not leach into the ground water.
- (xxi) Parking space to accommodate trucks, cars, two wheelers and bicycles shall be provided as per the norms.
- (xxii) Any hazardous waste generated during development/ construction phase, should be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- (xxiii) The diesel generator sets to be used during development/ construction phase should be low sulphur diesel type and should conform to Environment (Protection) Rules prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
- (xxiv) The diesel required for operating DG sets shall be stored in underground tanks and if required, clearance from Chief Controller of Explosives shall be taken.
- (xxv) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and should be operated only during non-peak hours.
- (xxvi) Ambient noise levels should conform to residential standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during development/ construction phase. Adequate measures should be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/SPCB.
- (xxvii) Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provisions of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003.
- (xxviii) Ready mixed concrete must be used in site development and building construction.
- $(\mbox{\tt xxix})$ Storm water control and its re-use as per CGWB and BIS standards for various applications.
- (xxx) Water demand during development/construction should be reduced by use of premixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- (xxxi) Permission to draw ground water, if any, shall be obtained from the competent Authority prior to construction/operation of the project.

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(xxxii) Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing line for separation of grey and black water.

(xxxiii) Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking should be of low flow either by use of aerators or pressure reducing devices or sensor based control.

(xxxiv) Use of glass may be reduced by upto 40% to reduce the electricity consumption and load on air-conditioning. If necessary, use high quality low E value glass.

(xxxv) Roof should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.

(xxxvi) Opaque wall should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code which is proposed to be mandatory for all airconditioned spaces while it is aspirational for non-airconditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.

(xxxvii) The approval of the competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the buildings due to earthquake, adequacy of fire fighting equipments, etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.

(xxxviii) Regular supervision of the above and other measures for monitoring should be in place all through the development/ construction phase, so as to avoid disturbance to the surroundings.

(xxxix) The responses/commitments made to the issues raised during public hearing shall be complied with in letter and spirit, and action taken shall be submitted to the Ministry.

- (xl) For Corporate Environment Responsibility activities, 2% of the project cost shall be earmarked. The CSR funds shall be allocated for vocational training programme, development of infrastructure like construction of public toilets etc and also to allot additional land for Lord 'Sri Ranganatha Swamy' temple as per the requirement.
- (xli) All member industries shall be instructed to comply with the consent conditions given by PCB/MoEF&CC strictly to maintain ambient air quality within the stipulated standards of CPCB.
- (xlii) Existing State/Central Government norms shall be followed for providing employment, preference will be given to local educated and unemployed people based on their educational qualification. Vocational training shall be conducted to improve the skills of local people so that they can get employment/self-employment.
- (xliii) Compensation will be paid as per the land acquisition act of State.
- (xliv) Corporate Environment Responsibility:
- a) The Company shall have a well laid down Environment Policy approved by the Board of Directors.
- b) The Environment Policy shall prescribe for standard operating process/ procedures to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions.
- c) The hierarchical system or Administrative Order of the company to deal with environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the environmental clearance conditions shall be furnished.

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d) To have proper checks and balances, the company shall have a well laid down system of reporting of non-compliances/ violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large.

II. Operational Phase

- (i) All the topsoil excavated during development/construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture/landscape development within the project site.
- (ii) Disposal of muck during development/construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- (iii) The solid waste generated should be properly collected and segregated. Wet garbage should be composted and dry/inert solid waste should be disposed off to the approved sites for land filling after recovering recyclable material.
- (iv) Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of back up power for elevators and common area illumination during operation phase should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with State Pollution Control Board.
- (v) Noise should be controlled to ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed standards. During night time the noise levels measured at the boundary of the building shall be restricted to the permissible levels to comply with the prevalent regulations.
- (vi) The green belt of the adequate width and density preferably with local species along the periphery of the plot shall be raised so as to provide protection against particulates and noise.
- (vii) Weep holes in the compound walls shall be provided to ensure natural drainage of rain water in the catchment area during the monsoon period.
- (viii) Rain water harvesting for roof run- off and surface run- off, as plan submitted should be implemented. Before recharging the surface run off, pre-treatment must be done to remove suspended matter, oil and grease. The borewell for rainwater recharging should be kept at least 4 mts. above the highest ground water table.
- (ix) The ground water level and its quality should be monitored regularly in consultation with Central Ground Water Authority.
- (x) Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking, loading and unloading should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.
- (xi) A Report on the energy conservation measures confirming to energy conservation norms finalise by Bureau of Energy Efficiency should be prepared incorporating details about building materials & technology, R & U Factors etc and submit to the Ministry in three months time.
- (xii) Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/TFLs for the lighting the areas outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/rules of the regulatory

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authority to avoid mercury contamination. Use of solar panels may be done to the extent possible.

(xiii) The building should have adequate distance between them to allow movement of fresh air and passage of natural light, air and ventilation.

PART – B: GENERAL CONDITIONS

- (i) The environmental safeguards contained in the EIA Report should be implemented in letter and spirit.
- (ii) Provision should be made for supply of kerosene or cooking gas and pressure cooker to the labourers during construction phase.
- (iii) Six monthly monitoring reports should be submitted to the Ministry and it's Regional Office, Chennai.
- (iv) A copy of the environmental clearance letter shall also be displayed on the website of the concerned State Pollution Control Board. The EC letter shall also be displayed at the Regional Office, District Industries centre and Collector's Office/ Tehsildar's office for 30 days.
- (v) The project proponent shall set up a separate environmental management cell for effective implementation of the stipulated environmental safeguards under the supervision of a Senior Executive.
- (vi) The funds earmarked for environment management plan shall be included in the budget and this shall not be diverted for any other purpose.
- 5. The above stipulations would be enforced among others under the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) act the 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification, 2006.
- 6. Officials from the Regional Office of MoEF&CC at Lucknow who would be monitoring the implementation of environmental safeguards should be given full cooperation, facilities and documents/data by the project proponents during their inspection. A complete set of all the documents submitted to MoEF&CC should be forwarded to the CCF, Regional Office of MoEF&CC at Lucknow.
- 7. The Ministry reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environment clearance under the provisions of the Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986, to ensure effective implementation of the suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.
- 8. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department, Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 etc. shall be obtained, as applicable by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- 9. The project proponent should advertise in at least two local Newspapers widely circulated in the region, one of which shall be in the vernacular language informing that the project has been accorded Environmental Clearance and copies of clearance letters are available with the State Pollution Control Board and may also be seen on the website of the

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Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change at http://www.envfor.nic.in. The advertisement should be made within Seven days from the date of receipt of the Clearance letter and a copy of the same should be forwarded to the Regional office of this Ministry at Chennai.

- 10. This clearance is subject to final order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in the matter of Goa Foundation Vs Union of India in Writ Petition (Civil) No.460 of 2004 as may be applicable to this project.
- 11. Any appeal against this clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.
- 12. A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zila Parishad/Municipal Corporation, Urban Local Body and the Local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the company by the proponent.
- 13. The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; SPM, RSPM, SO², NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company in the public domain.
- 14. The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of MoEF&CC by e-mail.

(Raghu Kumar Kodali) Scientist 'F' / Director

Copy to: -

- 1. The Chairman, CPCB, Parivesh Bhawan, CBD-cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, Delhi 32
- 2. The Member Secretary, Rajasthan Pollution Control Board, A-4, Institutional Area, Jalana Dungri, Jaipur 4
- 3. The APCCF (C), Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Regional Office, Kendriya Bhawan, 5th Floor, Sector "H", Aligani, Lucknow 20
- 4. Guard File
- 5. Monitoring Cell

(Raghu Kumar Kodali) Scientist 'F' / Director

जन सुनवाई का विवरण

मैसर्स दिल्ली—मुम्बई इण्डस्ट्रीयल कॉरीडोर डवलपमेंट कॉरपोरेशन लिमिटेड द्वारा जोधपुर से जिला पाली में औद्योगिक क्षेत्र की स्थापना हेतु पर्यावरणीय स्वीकृति के लिए दिनांक 15.03.2017 को आयोजित लोक जन सुनवाई का कार्यवाही विवरण :

स्थान : कार्यालय उपखण्ड अधिकारी, रोहट, जिला पाली (राज.)

दिनांक : 15.03.2017 समय : प्रातः 11 बजे

राजस्थान राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मण्डल द्वारा कार्यालय उपखण्ड अधिकारी, रोहट, जिला पाली (राज.) में प्रस्तावित उक्त परियोजना हेतु पर्यावरणीय स्वीकृति बाबत लोक जन सुनवाई श्री भागीरथ बिश्नोई, अतिरिक्त जिला कलेक्टर, (प्रतिनिधि जिला कलेक्टर) पाली की अध्यक्षता में एवं श्री राजीव पारीक, क्षेत्रीय अधिकारी, राप्रिनम, पाली की उपस्थित में आयोजित की गई। लोक सुनवाई में उपस्थित ग्राम वासियों की सूची परिशिष्ठ 'अ' पर संलग्न है। उक्त लोक सुनवाई के लिये स्थानीय समाचार पत्र 'दैनिक भास्कर' में दिनांक 10.02.2017 को एवं राष्ट्रीय समाचार पत्र 'हिन्दुस्तान टाईम्स' में 11.02.2017 को विज्ञप्ति प्रकाशित की गई थी, जिसकी छाया प्रति परिशिष्ठ 'व' एवं 'स' पर संलग्न है। यह लोक सुनवाई पर्यावरण संरक्षण अधिनियम — 1986 के अन्तर्गत पर्यावरण एवं वन मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार, नई दिल्ली द्वारा जारी अधिसूचना दिनांक 14.09.2006 के प्रावधानों के अनुरूप आयोजित की गई। लोक सुनवाई की वीडियो रिकोर्डिंग सी.डी. एवं फोटोग्राफ संलग्न है। (संलग्नक 'द' एवं 'य')

जनसुनवाई विवरण निम्नानुसार है:-

जन सुनवाई की कार्यवाही प्रारम्भ करते हुए क्षेत्रीय अधिकारी, राप्रनिम, पाली द्वारा जन सुनवाई के प्रावधानों, उददेश्यों एवं परियोजना के बारे में संक्षिप्त में अवगत कराया, तथा परियोजना प्रबंधकों से अपनी परियोजना एवं उसके पर्यावरणीय प्रभावों, नियंत्रण के उपाय आदि के बारे में बताने को कहा गया।

डी.एम.आई.सी.डी.सी. लिमिटेड के प्रतिनिधि द्वारा बताया गया कि उक्त परियोजना जोधपुर और पाली जिले के मध्य है एवं डीएफसी कॉरीडोर के पास है। परियोजना के अन्तर्गत कुल प्रस्तावित क्षेत्रफल 58.99 वर्ग किलोमीटर का विकास किया जाएगा। जिनमें आवासीय, व्यवसायिक मिश्रित उपयोग, औद्योगिक, सार्वजनिक, अर्द्धसार्वजनिक, हरित बफर, मनोरंजन स्थल, एम.एम.एल.एच., लोजिस्टीक, संकुलेशन, स्ट्रेटजिक मार्ग एवं रेलवे कॉरिडोर शामिल है। उक्त परियोजना में पाली जिले की रोहट तहसील के 09 गाँव निम्बली ब्राहम्णान, निम्बली पाटेलान, ढुण्डली, डुडली, डुंगरपुर, रोहट, सिणगारी, धानासणी एवं दलपतगढ़ आते है।

उक्त क्षेत्र में एग्रो फुड, टैक्सटाईल एवं एपेरल, बिल्डिंग मैटेरियल, हैण्डीक्राफ्ट, मोटर वाईकल एवं ऑटो कम्पोनेण्ट, कम्प्यूटर, इलेक्ट्रोनिक्स, ऑप्टीकल प्रोडक्टस, सोलर एनर्जी, अन्य मशीनरी संबंधित उद्योग लगाये जाऐंगे एवं रोजगार का सर्जन होगा।

परियोजना में रोहट क्षेत्र एवं परियोजना संबंधित क्षेत्रों पर ध्विन, वायु, सतह जल एवं मृदा विश्लेषण किये हैं एवं लगने वाले उद्योगों में प्रदूषण नियंत्रण व्यवस्था के बारे में बतलाया गया। परियोजना के बारे में स्थानीय नागरिकों के साथ प्रश्नों एवं वार्तालाप का विवरण निम्नानसार है:—

क.सं.	प्रश्नकर्ता का नाम	मुद्दे एवं सुझाव	Am and A A
1	पप्पुराम विश्नोई	इन्होने यह बताया कि डी फ ओ के सर्वे के मुताबिक यहां पर दस हजार से ज्यादा हिरण है। इन्होने साथ में यह भी बोला की सर्वे ग्रामीण लोगों ने नहीं किया	डी.एम.आई.सी. द्वारा दिया गया जवाब ऐसा कोई भी अधिकारिक और प्रकाशित दस्तावेज उपलब्ध नहीं है, जो यह दर्शाता हो कि परियोजना क्षेत्र या उस के आसपास विचरण पाया गया एवं जोधपुर जिले के काकाणी, लूणी नदी एवं पाली जिले के सरदार समन्द क्षेत्र में हिरणों का विचरण पाया जाता है। यह कोई घोषित अभयारण्य क्षेत्र नहीं है।
2	सत्तार खान लौहार	 इन्होंने यह बोला कि बड़ी खुशी की बात है हमारे रोहट एरिया में विकास हो रहा है। जो भी आप प्लानिंग के हिसाब से करोंगे वो अच्छा है। लेकिन जो जमीन काश्तकारों की जायेगी उस का काश्तकारों को क्या मिलेगा 	 परियोजना के लिये किसी भी प्रकार की भूमि और अर्जन राजस्थान सरकार की वर्तमान नीतियों के तहत किया जाएगा इसके लिए उचित समय पर अधिसूचना जारी की जायेगी । उस समय इस प्रश्न को उठाना उचित होगा।

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3.	महावीर सिंह सुकरलाई	 भूअर्जन में किसानो को क्या मुआवजा मिलेगा ? जन सुनवाई का विज्ञापन राष्ट्रीय समाचार पत्रों में छपा था परन्तु ये गाँव में नही पहुँचते। उक्त घोषणा भी गाँव वालो तक ठीक नही पहुँची उस समय सभी खेती के काम में व्यस्त थे। 	जनसुनवाई का विज्ञापन स्थानीय समाचार पत्रों में भी दिया गया तथा इसकी उद्घोषणा हर गाँव में लाउड़ स्पीकर द्वारा भी की गई।इस प्रकार की कोई शिकायत ग्रामीणो द्वारा नहीं कि गई। बड़ी संख्या में ग्रामीणों की उपस्थिति इसका प्रमाण है। सभी पचायंत समितीयों को नोटिस के द्वारा भी अवगत कराया
Y		• परियोजना से खेती खत्म हो जायेगी।	गया । जिसकी प्रतियाँ संलग्न है। पिरयोजना से खेती समाप्त नहीं होगी क्योंकि भुअर्जन कई चरणों में होगा। इस क्षेत्र में पानी की कमी होने के कारण खेती की जमीन से एक ही फसल की जाती है। पिरयोजना के लिये भूअर्जन राजस्थान सरकार की वर्तमान नीतियों के तहत किया जायेगा।
		काला हिरण बचाने हेतु परियोजना में क्या किया गया है।यह निष्कर्ष कैसे निकाला कि यहाँ काले हिरण कम है।एवं पक्षी विचरण करते है उनके लिए क्या है।	 पशु, पक्षी एवं काला हिरण बचाने हेतु प्रस्तावित आद्योगिक क्षेत्र के आस—पास बफर जोन(BUFFER ZONE)छोडा गया है इस बफर जोन(BUFFER ZONE) का क्षेत्रफल 95.38 वर्ग कि.मी.है।काले हिरण का बाहुल्य क्षेत्र कांकाणी,सरदार समन्द, खेजडली,गुडा बिश्नोईयान गाँव है।लुणी नदी के दोनो तरफ 250
3		सी.ई.टी.पी. लगाने का मतलब है कि प्रदुषण होगा सी.ई.टी.पी. कहीं भी ठिक तरीके से नही चलते ।अगर प्रदुषित ईकाईयॉ लगेगी तो गॉव वाले गॉव छोडने को मजबुर हो जाएगें	भीटर का बफर जोन छोडा गया है। • मास्टर प्लान में सी.ई.टी.पी. इसलिए किया गया है कि भविष्य में अगर जरूरत पड़ती है तो लगाया जा सके हालांकि जो ओद्योगिक इकाईया प्रस्तावित है उनसे जल प्रदुषण होने की सम्भावना नही है। पानी का उपचार करके उसका पुनः उपयोग किया जायेगा इसके लिये दो पाईप प्रणाली का नियोजन प्रस्तावित किया गया है। जे.पी.एम. आई.ए. में किसी भी तरह का प्रदुषित पानी नदी/तालांबों में नही छोडा जाएगा।
		ओधोगिक ईकाईयाँ किस तरह से लोगो की मदद करेगी।आने वाली ईकाईयाँ किस तरह से रोजगार देगी।	 ओद्योगिक ईकाईयों से स्थानीय निवासीयों को रोजगार के अवसर मिलेगें। जे.पी.एम.आई.ए. के विकास से लोगों का कौशल विकास भी होगा।आस—पास के क्षेत्र में पर्यटन को भी प्रोत्साहन मिलेगा।
		 एन.एच.65 के चार लेन के समय भी वृक्षारोपण ड्रैनेज के लिए कहा गया था परन्तु इसे लागु नहीं किया गया 	 एन.एच.65 एक अलग परियोजना थी। जे.पी.एम.आई.ए. परियोजना में पर्यावरण स्वीकृति की प्रत्येक शर्त का अनुपालन होगा तथा इस संर्वभ

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	 परियोजना के लिए पानी भूगर्भित पानी लिया जाएगा या नही। भू जल इस परियोजना के लिए नही लिया जाना चाहिए क्योंकि इस क्षेत्र में पानी की समस्या है। प्रस्तावित परियोजना क्षेत्र के लिए आवश्यक 	में प्रत्येक छः महिने मे राजस्थान प्रदुषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड तथा भारत सरकार पर्यावरण एवं वन मंत्रालय को डि.एम.आई.डी.सी. द्वारा रिपोर्ट भेजी जाएगी। परियोजना कियान्वन के दौरान भूजल अर्जन नहीं किया जाएगा। परियोजना में भुजल का प्रयोग नहीं किया जाएगा। परियोजना में भुजल का प्रयोग नहीं किया जाएगा। पानी की व्यवस्था, वर्तमान पाईप लाईन का पूर्नवास करके कुड़ी हौद जोधपुर से लाना प्रस्तावित है।परियोजना के माध्यम से सभी नो गाँवो में जिसमें जे.पी. एम.आई.ए. प्रस्तावित है,में पेयजल की आपुर्ति की जाएगी। परियोजना क्षेत्र में विघमान सभी तालाबों को साफ और गहरा करके बारीश के पानी का एकत्रितकरण किया जायेगा
	 भू जल इस परियोजना के लिए नही लिया जाना चाहिए क्योंकि इस क्षेत्र में पानी की समस्या है। प्रस्तावित परियोजना क्षेत्र के लिए आवश्यक 	किया जाएगा। पानी की व्यवस्था, वर्तमान पाईप लाईन का पूर्नवास करके कुड़ी हौद जोधपुर से लाना प्रस्तावित है।परियोजना के माध्यम से सभी नो गॉवो में जिसमें जे.पी. एम.आई.ए. प्रस्तावित है,में पेयजल की आपुर्ति की जाएगी। परियोजना क्षेत्र में विधमान सभी तालाबों को साफ और गहरा करके बारीश के पानी का एकत्रितकरण किया जायेगा
	जाना चाहिए क्योंकि इस क्षेत्र में पानी की समस्या है। • प्रस्तावित परियोजना क्षेत्र के लिए आवश्यक	किया जाएगा। पानी की व्यवस्था, वर्तमान पाईप लाईन का पूर्नवास करके कुड़ी हौद जोधपुर से लाना प्रस्तावित है।परियोजना के माध्यम से सभी नो गॉवो में जिसमें जे.पी. एम.आई.ए. प्रस्तावित है,में पेयजल की आपुर्ति की जाएगी। परियोजना क्षेत्र में विधमान सभी तालाबों को साफ और गहरा करके बारीश के पानी का एकत्रितकरण किया जायेगा
	• प्रस्तावित परियोजना क्षेत्र के लिए आवश्यक	तालाबों को साफ और गहरा करके बारीश के पानी का एकत्रितकरण किया जायेगा
4. राजेन्द्र पटेल रोहट	• प्रस्तावित परियोजना क्षेत्र के लिए आवश्यक	
न. राजम्ब पटल शहट	है और इस क्षेत्र के सभी लोग इसका स्वागत करते है परन्तु यह निवेदन है कि रोजगार की सम्भावनाए स्पष्ट कि जाए जो लोग पढ़े लिखे नहीं है उनके लिए रोजगार की क्या व्यवस्था रहेगी	 परियोजना के कियान्वन के दौरान रोजगार के प्रत्यक्ष तथा अप्रत्यक्ष अवसर आएगें ।स्थानीय लोगों को रोजगार के लिए प्राथमिकता मिलने की सम्भावना है। परियोजना के माध्यम से सभी नो
- 0	• पेयजल का प्रयोजन को स्पष्ट किया जाए।	गॉवो में जिसमें जे.पी.एम.आई.ए. प्रस्तावित है,में पेयजल की आपुर्ति की जाएगी।
	 परियोजना केवल नौ गाँवो में है बािक गाँवो में जो जमीन कनवर्जन पर रोक दि गई उसे कब खोला जाएगा। 	कनवर्जन खोलने का निर्णय राजस्थान सरकार के स्तर पर लिया जाएगा।इसके लिए उचित समय पर अधिसूचना जारी जायेगी।
	 जो उधोग पहले से चल रहे है उनका क्या भविष्य है। 	 जो उद्योग पहले से चल रहे है वो उद्योग यथावत चलते रहेगें।
6. रमेश कुमार हंस रोहट	 वन्य जीवन पशु पक्षी किस तरह से प्रभावित होगें इसका उल्लेख होना चाहिए। 	 वन्य जीवन तथा पशु—पक्षी प्रभावित नही होगें। जे.पी.एम.आई.ए. के विकास के दौरान हिरत क्षेत्र विकसित होगें।
	 वन्य जीव जन्तु जो प्रभावित होगें उनकी गिनती कि जानी चाहिए। 	 पशु—पक्षी वन्य जीवन की गिनती वन विभाग की जिम्मेवारी है । परियोजना के इस क्षेत्र में कोई भी आरक्षित वन अभ्यारण्य नहीं है।
7. हीरा लाल	 इन्होंने आंशका जताई कि आबादी क्षेत्र में प्रस्तावित औघोगिक क्षेत्र के आबादी ऐरिया में प्रदुषण कि वजह से रहने में समस्या आयेगी 	 परियोजना कि कियावन के दोरान पर्यावारण प्रबन्धन का प्रावधान है। इस पर्यावरण के अनुपालन से आबादी क्षेत्र में रहने के लिये किसी भी प्रकार की समस्या नहीं होगी
•	• जमीन का उचित मुवाअजा मिलना चाहिऐ ।	 परियोजना के लिये किसी भी प्रकार की भूमि और अर्जन राजस्थान सरकार की वर्तमान नीतियों के तहत किया जाएगा इसके लिए उचित समय पर अधिसूचना जारी
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		 मुअर्जन के पश्यात आने वाली पीडी के लिये रोजगार कि उचित व्यवस्था हो। हमें परियोजना से कोई आपत्ति नही है। 	की जायेगी । उस समय इस प्रश्न को उढाना उचित होगा • प्रस्तावित परियोजना से स्थानीय निवासीयों को रोजगार के अवसर मिलेगें। जे.पी.एम.आई.ए. के विकास से लोगों का कौशल विकास भी होगा।आस—पास के क्षेत्र में पर्यटन को भी प्रोत्साहन मिलेगा।
8.	राजीव पटेल	 राजीव पटेल ने यह कहां कि हम ग्रामीण लोग जमीन देने को तैयार नही है। अगर जमीन लेनी है तो मुवाअजा एक करोड प्रति बीधा और साथ में परिवार के एक सदस्य को सरकारी नौकरी दी जाये 	 परियोजना के लिये किसी भी प्रकार की भूमि और अर्जन राजस्थान सरकार की वर्तमान नीतियों के तहत किया जाएगा इसके लिए उचित समय पर अधिसूचना जारी की जायेगी । उस समय इस प्रश्न को उढाना उचित होगा
9.	शोभाराम देवासी रोहट	 परियोजना से गौचर जमीन चली जाएगी तो देवाशी समाज जिनकी आजीवीका भेड बकरी चराने पर निर्मर है उन कि लिये परियोजना में क्या प्रावधान है। 	परियोजना में गोचर भूमि और किसी अन्य प्रकार की भूमी का अर्जन राजस्थान सरकार की वर्तमान नीतियों के तहत किया जाएगा इसके लिए उचित समय पर अधिसूचना जारी की जायेगी । प्रस्तावित आद्योगिक क्षेत्र के आस—पास बफर जोन(BUFFER ZONE) छोडा गया है इस बफर जोन(BUFFER ZONE) का क्षेत्रफल 95.38 वर्ग कि.मी.है।
10.	केवल राम पटेल, रोहट	 डोली (मंन्दिर माफिक जमीन) का क्या किया जायेगा। यह जो डोली कि जमीन है उस का क्या करोगे और उन पुजारीयों को क्या मिलेगा 	डोली (मंन्दिर माफिक जमीन) का भूअर्जन नहीं होगा।इस माामले में विस्तृत प्रकिया भूअर्जन प्रकिया शुरू होने के समय प्रकाशित की जाएगी।
11.	दीन मो. लौहार	 निवेदन किया कि उधोग भी चले और पर्यावरण भी सुरक्षित रहे उघोग चलेगा तो हमारा विकास होगा रोहट का और आगे आने वाली पीडी भी आगे बढेगी और हमारे परिवार का विकास होगा । 	 परियोजना के आने से क्षेत्र में चहुमुखी विकास होगा जिससे लोगों के रहन सहन के स्तर बढेगा।
12.	हीरा लाल	 हम लोग यह चाहते है कि रोहट और रोहट के दो किलोमीटर दूर जमीन का उचित मुवाअजा मिलना चाहिये और यह मुवाअजा एकसमान होना चाहिऐ । 	 मुवाअजा राजस्थान सरकार के और भारत सरकार के मानको के हिसाब के तय होगा। इसके लिये अलग से प्रकिया आरम्भ होगी और इस के लिये अधिसूचना जारी कि जायेगी।
13.	ग्राम निवासी,	 1992 के डोली का प्रावधान करके पुजारीयों का नाम हटा दिया था और हमें भूमीहीन कर दिया गया हम सात पीढी से भूमीहीन है हमे जमीन से मुवाअजा मिलना चाहिएे 	यह प्रशन परियोजना से सम्बान्धित नहीं है और इसका निपटारण राजस्थान सरकार के स्तर पर होना चाहिएं
14.	हेमाराम चौधरी रोहट	परियोजना कियान्वन के पश्चात जन शिकायत के लिये क्या प्रावधान है और कौन इसके लिये जिम्मेदार होगा।	परियोजना कियान्वन के लिये भारत सरकार और राजस्थान सरकार के द्वारा एक एस पी वी (Special purpose vehicle) का गठन होगा तत्पश्चात् राजस्थान सरकार एक क्षेत्रीय विकास प्राधिकरण (REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY) का गठन करेगी । यह क्षेत्रीय विकास

		 स्थानीय पढे लिखे लोगो के लिये रोजगार कि क्या सुविधायें होगी। 	प्राधिकरण लागों की शिकायतों का निस्तारण करेगा। • राज्य सरकार के सहयोग से कौशल विकास एवं परीक्षण प्रोग्राम आयोजित किये जायेंगे।
15.	भजन लाल विश्नोई रोहट	 पाली क्षेत्र में 6700 काले हिरणों की संख्या बताई। वन विभाग भी इस संख्या से अवगत है। काले हिरणों के लिये कुछ विशेष क्षेत्र नियोजित किया जाये। 	जैसा कि उपरोक्त क. म. सख्यां 1 एवं बिन्दू 3 बताया जा चुका है। यहां पर घोषित अभयारण्य क्षेत्र नहीं है।
16.	बाजाराम पटेल	 पशुपालको के लिये क्या व्यवस्था कि जायेगी। 	 परियोजना में आबादी क्षेत्रों के आस पास पर्याप्त बफर जोन छोडा गया है। इससे पशुपालन में कोई भी समस्या आने की सम्भावना नहीं है।

इसी के साथ जन सुनवाई कार्यवाही सम्पन्न हुई।

(राजीव पारीक)

क्षेत्रीय अधिकारी,

राज. प्रदूषण नियन्त्रण मण्डल,

पाली (राज.)

(भागीस्थ विश्नोई)

अति.जिला कलेक्टर

पाली (राज.)

क्लिमेरेड की ज्यार रियाल कार्याते उत्रलमेर कार्यात्यल किमिरेड की ज्यार पाली मलगा कार्यात्र किम निकास सीतान हिन् प्रमावरणीत जल - स्नुनवाह कार्यक्रम (रियांक: 15/03/17 कार्याल कार्यालय अपरेश अप्यादी दीहर म रहसील. रोहर जिला-पाली

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क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय

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राजस्थान राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मण्डल

एस-ए-6, मंडिया रोड औद्योगिक क्षेत्र, पाली

क्रमांक / राप्रनिम / क्षे.का पाली / सामा-233 /

दिनांक :- 10/02/2017

पर्यावरणीय स्वीकृति हेतु लोक सुनवाई के लिये आम सूचना

1. सर्व साधारण को सूचित किया जाता है कि मैसर्स दिल्ली—मुम्बई इण्डस्ट्रीयल कॉरिडोर द्वारा जोधपुर से जिला पाली में औद्योगिक क्षेत्र का विकास किया जाना प्रस्तावित है एवं इससे सम्बंधित प्रार्थना—पत्र मय दस्तावेज पर्यावरणीय स्वीकृति से पूर्व आवश्यक जन सुनवाई हेतु प्रस्ताव राजस्थान राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मण्डल (यहाँ तथा बाद में मण्डल के नाम से अभिलिखित) को प्रस्तुत किया गया है।

2. चूंकि मैसर्स दिल्ली—मुम्बई इण्डस्ट्रीयल कॉरिंडोर ने राजस्थान राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मण्डल को उक्त परियोजना की पर्यावरणीय स्वीकृति से पूर्व आवश्यक जन सुनवाई हेतु आवेदन प्रस्तुत किया है। उक्त परियोजना हेतु भारत सरकार, पर्यावरण एवं वन मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना पत्र एस.ओ. 1533 दिनांक 14.09.2006 के अनुसार लोक सुनवाई इस आशय की सूचना जारी कर 30 दिवस का नोटिस दिया जाना आवश्यक है।

3. उक्त परियोजना से सम्बंधित ई.आई.ए. / ई.एम.पी. रिपोर्ट एवं संक्षिप्त कार्यपालक सार अभिलेख निम्न कार्यालयों में अवलोकनार्थ उपलब्ध है।

(1) जिला कलेक्टर, पाली

(2) जिला उद्योग केन्द्र पाली

(3) उपखण्ड कार्यालय, तहसील रोहट, जिला पाली

(4) जन सम्पर्क अधिकारी, पाली

(5) पर्यावरण विभाग, राजस्थान सरकार, शासन सचिवालय, जयपुर

(6) राजस्थान राज्य प्रदुषण नियंत्रण मण्डल—4 पर्यावरण मार्ग, संस्थानिक क्षेत्र झालाना डूंगरी जयपुर

(7) क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय पर्यावरण एवं वन मंत्रालय, पंचम तल, केन्द्रीय भवन, सेक्टर एच. अलीगंज लखनऊ

(8) ग्राम पंचायत रोहट, तहसील रोहट, जिला पाली

अतः सर्वसाधारण को नोटिस के माध्यम से एतद्द्वारा सूचित किया जाता है कि वे उक्त परियोजना की पर्यावरणीय स्वीकृति से सम्बंधित लोक सुनवाई हेतु दिनांक 15.03.2017 (बुधवार) को मध्याह पूर्व 11:00 बजे कार्यालय उपखण्ड अधिकारी, तहसील रोहट जिला पाली (राज.) में उपस्थित होकर अपने लिखित/मौखिक आपेक्ष/सुझाव प्रस्तुत कर सकते है। इस संबंध में लिखित आक्षेप/सुझाव इस सूचना के प्रकाशन की तिथि से 30 दिवस के अन्दर क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय राजस्थान राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मण्डल, पाली को भी दिये जा सकते है। क्षेत्रीय अधिकारी रा.प्र.नि.मं., पाली

HEALTH TIP World No 1 asks Swiss to avoid deep-fried chocolate during his Scotland trip

after the tennis great accepted an invitation to play in Scotland for he questionable delights of a horrific" deep-fried Mars bar LONDON: Andy Murray warned

Scottish star Murray will face Federer in a charity exhibition match in Glasgow on November

SEARCH FOR MISSING



NORTHERN RAILWAY

softwar to 55.01.2017
SS/WA/LKO-I dated 25.01.2017
And patrom no 40 & 11 with passeng habby across by dismanfing exhibing good as, widening of platform no 03, outling Tender Notice No. 74-W
lame of work Construction of name of work construction of name of the control of the con

on 26.02 2017 wit now open

Sant Nagar, Delhi has been missing from his house since 12.07.2016 in the jurkdiction of PS. Burart, Delhi, in this regard a missing report vide DD No.10-A dated 13.07.2016 has been lodged at PS. Burart, Delhi,

that one person namely Gaurav Tyagi, S/o Sh. Sudhir Tyagi, R/o H.No. 30/31, A-1 Block, Batra Gall,

F. No. A-56/DIT(IT&Audit)/Outsourcing/MTS/2017-18

Connaught Circus, New Delhi-110001

SERVING CUSTOMERS WITH A SMILE

राष्ट्रीय उद्यमिता एवं तपु व्यवसाय विकास संस्थान (निसबङ)

Gaurav Tygai

description of missing person is

Name: Gaurav Tygai, Father's Name: Sh. Sudhir Tyagi, Age: 32 years, Height: 510", Face: Round, Complexion: Sallow, Built: Strong, Wearing: Black T-shirt and Blue anyone having any clue/information, kindly inform the

colour Jeans Pant.

5-02-2017, the Posts are to be filled up on Deputation and Direct Recruitment basis (Contract). The Details are available on RECRUITMENT OF DIRECTORS

stands extended to March 6, 2017.

SHO, P.S.: Burari, Delhi Ph: 011-26716844

DELHI MILK SCHEME Telephone No.: 011-25877084 & 2587246

Notice Inviting e-Tender

half of the President of India, General Manager, Dehir Milks st Than Nagar, New Dehir 17003 Innias e-Tender (online anniasturing, Printing and Supplying of 475 MT Three-dehir Dehirented Polythens III.

ing detailed terms & conditions can be from Central Abulic Procurement - Portal s.gov.Inteprocuretapp from 14.02.2017 to D.PM. Online Tender documents must be ned copy of DD for Rs. 500/- (Non-retundable)

148/196 MV Act at Saria Vihar Circle, Delhi punishable and it has been returned to a warrant of arrest thereupon issued that the said accused person Lalit Parsad can not be found and whereas it has been shown to my satisfaction that the said

committed an offence by the vehicle DL3SAA 6650 u/s 5/180

eas complaint has been made before me that accused Lalit Parsad Sio Harish Chand Rio H. No. 1895, Ground Floor, Uday Chand Marg, Kotla Mubarakpur, Lodhi Road, Delhi-3 has

Under Section 82 CrPC

PROCLAMATION REQUIRING
THE APPEARANCE OF ACCUSED PERSON



Press Trust of India

end dismal 11th in Asian cycling

With two bronze, India fin-shed 11th in the medal's tally while South Korea emerged on op with nine gold, 13 silver and

India draw blank on final day,

· Mariya Savinova

junior women's team sprint event through Shushikala

The first bronze came in the

Agashe and Aleena Reji. The second bronze was also won by Reji in Junior women's 500m time ZURICH: Russia's Mariya Savino

India's top medal hope Debo

DIRECTORATE OF INCOME TAX

Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue

(INCOME TAX & AUDIT) 5th Floor, Mayur Bhawan

साम साम्यान साध्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मण्डल

क्षारिया ने कर सामी क्षार्थ कर होता है है है अप मुख्या पार्थ कर है जो अप मुख्या पार्थ कर है है। जो कर कर है कि कर है कर कर है कर है। जा कर कर कर है कर कर है है। जा कर कर कर है कर कर है है। जा कर कर कर है कर कर है है।

हसील तेहद जिल्म पाली

जास्थान रास्कार, मासन सक्तिवानय, जामपुर एमा निराज्ञम सण्डत- पर्गाजस्य भागे, संस्

तम प्रमीत्रण एवं गन मंत्रत्य, पंचम तत, मैन्दींग मन्त, दोक्टर एस,



ALL INDIA INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL SCIENCES
VIRBHADRA MARG, RISHIKESH- 249201

11 Feb-2017 Hindustan times Addl. Director of Income Tax (Exams) TENDER NOTICE

www.hcometaxindla.gov.in & www.eprocurement. gov.in. The last date of receipt of tender is 22.02.2017 till 3.00 P.M. Tender form containing firm/companies/agencies in Mayur Bhawan, Connaught Circus, New Delhi-110001 for providing Multi Tasking Skills. The detail of terms and Sealed Tenders are invited by Directorate of Income Tax (IT & Audit) from the reputed parties/ conditions are available on the website Bhawan, Connaught Circus, New Delhi-110001 during the working hours i.e. 11.00 A.M. to 4.00 P.M. details alongwith terms and conditions can be eceived from the Room No. 512, 5th Floor, Mayur Mayur Bhawan, Connaught Circus, New Delhi davp 15401/11/0182/1617

ME DIRECTORATE OF INCOME TAX

कार्यालय ग्राम पंचायत रेवाळी पंचायत समिति रोहट जिला पाली

प्रमाण पत्र

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि हमारी ग्राम पंचायत <u>रिवार्ग</u> के नोटिस बोर्ड पर आज दिनांक 03.03.2017 को दिल्ली मुम्बई औद्योगिक कोरीडोर का प्लान चस्पा कर दिया गया है।

ग्राम सेवक परेन सचिव ग्राम पंचायत हैं। मो हिनी ट्रैनी सरपंच ग्राम पंचायत ... हवारी

कार्यालय ग्राम पंचायत रिकार पंचायत समिति रोहट जिला पाली

प्रमाण पत्र

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि हमारी ग्राम पंचायत किया के नोटिस बोर्ड पर आज दिनांक 03.03.2017 को दिल्ली मुम्बई औद्योगिक कोरीडोर का प्लान चस्पा कर दिया गया है।

ग्राम सेवक पदेन सचिव ग्रमम्पंतीयक पदेन सम्रिव ग्राम पंचायत सुन्यस्ति रेगानी पंचायत सोनी एउट

गाम पंचायत (श्रामाणा क्यां क्

प्रमाण पत्र

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि हमारी ग्राम पंचायत की निर्म बोर्ड पर आज दिनांक 03.03.2017 को दिल्ली मुम्बई औद्योगिक कोरीडोर का प्लान चस्पा कर दिया गया है।

ग्राम सेवक पदेन सचिव ग्राम पंचायत न्योजिका

ग्राम पंचायंता वत, बोटिला य स सेहट (पार्ट)

कार्यालय ग्राम पंचायतपंचायत समिति रोहट जिला पाली

प्रमाण पत्र

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि हमारी ग्राम पंचायत <u>रीडि</u>के नोटिस बोर्ड पर आज दिनांक 03.03.2017 को दिल्ली मुम्बई औद्योगिक कोरीडोर का प्लान चस्पा कर दिया गया है।

ग्राम सेवक पदेन सचिवायत रोहट ग्राम पंचायतप. स. रोहट (पाली)

ग्राम प्रसिप्ति रोहट ग्राम पंचार्येत्र^{रोहट} (पाली)





डीएमआईसीडीसी **DMICDC** विल्ली मुम्बई इंडस्ट्रियल कोरीडोर डेवलपमेंट कॉरपोरेशन लिमिटेड

सार्वजिनक सूचना
सर्व साधारण को सूचित किया जाता है कि मैसर्स दिल्ली मुम्बई इंडस्ट्रियल कोरीडोर डेवलपमेंट कॉरपोरेशन (डीएमआईसीडीसी) द्वारा जोधपुर पाली मारवाड़ औद्योगिक क्षेत्र, जिला-पाली, राजस्थान के विकास हेतु पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिर्वतन मंत्रालय (एमओईएफ एण्ड सीसी) द्वारा अपने पत्र सं. एफ. नं. 21-6/2013-IA.III दिनांक 14.07.2017 के द्वारा पर्यावरण स्वीकृति प्रदान कर दी गयी है। स्वीकृति पत्र की प्रति राजस्थान राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड के पास उपलब्ध है तथा पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिर्वतन मंत्रालय की वेबसाइट http://www.envfor.nic.in तथा डीएमआईसीडीसी की वेबसाइट www.dmicdc.com पर भी देखी जा सकती है। सीईओ एवं एमडी-डीएमआईसीडीसी

rajasthanpatrika.com

राजस्थान पत्रिका . जयपुर. गुरुवार . 14.09.2017



सार्वकानक सूर्वना
सर्वे साधानक को सूर्वित किया जाता है कि मैस्तर्स दिल्सी मुन्बई इंग्रिट्यल कोशिक्षेत्र केवलपमेट कोरपोरेशन (क्षिएभआईसीडीसी) द्वारा जागपुर पाली मारवाह औद्योगिक क्षेत्र, जिला-पाली, राजस्थान के विकास हेतु प्रयोगरण, यन एवं जलवायु परिवेतन मंत्रालय (एमओईएफ एण्ड सीसी) द्वारा अपने पत्र सं एफ. नं. 21-6/2013-1A मा दिनांक 14/07/2017 से द्वारा पर्याधरण स्वीकृति प्रवान कर दी गयी है। स्वीकृति पत्र की प्रति राजस्थान राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण कोई के पास उपलब्ध है तथा पर्याधरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवेतन मंत्रालय की वंश्वशाहट http://www.sixfor.nic.in तथा डीएमळाईसीडीसी वर्ष वेबसाइट www.dmiodc.com पर मी देखी जा सकती है।

सीईओ एवं एनडी-डीएनआईसीडीसी



